## edexcel

Mark Scheme (Results)
January 2016

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE in Human Biology (4HBO) Paper 02

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- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

| Question <br> Number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1(a)(i) | Genotypes <br> 1. $X^{H} X^{H}$ <br> 2. $X^{H} Y$ <br> 3. $X^{H} X^{h}$ <br> 4. $X^{h} Y$ <br> Phenotypes <br> - female, normal blood clotting <br> - male, normal blood clotting <br> - female, nonhaem ophiliac/ carrier <br> - male, haemophiliac | Accept a different order depending on linkage in diagram <br> 2 marks for 4 correct, 1 mark for 2 or 3 correct <br> Credit any order if it matches with the genotypes <br> 2 marks for 4 correct, 1 mark for 2 or 3 correct <br> 1 mark lost for omitting gender | (2) <br> (2) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $1(\mathrm{a})(\mathrm{ii})$ | $50 \% / 1 / 2 /$ half/1 in $2 / 1: 1 / 0.5$ |  | $(1)$ |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1(a)(iii) | An explanation including two <br> from: <br> - males inherit Y <br> chromosome from father; <br> recessive allele is carried <br> on the X chromosome/not <br> carried on Y chromosome; |  | (2) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 1(b) | D 2 cells, haploid cells; |  | $(1)$ |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1(c)(i) | -contains genes/genetic <br> material/holds genetic <br> code; <br> codes for/ which give <br> instructions to make <br> proteins/enzymes; <br> controls cell activities / <br> determines characteristics; | Do not allow any answer <br> referring to structure e.g. it is <br> genetic material |  |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 1(c) (ii) | In the following order: |  |  |
|  | •22.8; |  | (2) |
|  | 18.2; |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 1(d) | A description including one of the <br> following <br> random change in DNA/causes <br> mutation/order of bases <br> changed/example of a mutation <br> e.g. substitution; | (1) |  |

Total for Question 1 = 13 Marks

| Question <br> Number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2(a)(i) | • minnows/frogs; |  | $(1)$ |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Notes | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 2(a)(ii) | In the following order: | Do not accept formulae as <br> alternatives | (2) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 2(aiii) | - add iodine solution; <br> blue-black colour indicates <br> starch is present; |  | (2) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $2(b)$ | $1790 \div 18500 \times 100 ;$ | Allow full marks for correct bald <br> answer <br> Allow $9.68 \%$ for full marks | $(2)$ |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2(c) (i) | - bacteria/fungi/mould/ <br> microorganisms; |  | (1) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 2(c) (ii) | - reduce movement/fence <br> off crops that are <br> eaten/keep indoors; | Accept any valid scientific <br> explanation | (1) |

Total for Question $2=9$ marks

| Question Number | Answer | Notes | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3(a) (i) | - increases; <br> - from 11.2 to 13.8/13.9 per 100000 people; <br> - correct manipulation of data e.g.increases by 2.6/2.7 per 100000 people; <br> idea of fluctuations; | Accept it goes up and down | (2) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Notes | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 3(a) (ii) | • $630 \times 13.8 ;$ <br> $\bullet 8694 ;$ | Allow full marks for correct bald <br> answer |  |
|  |  |  | (2) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Notes | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3(a)(iii) | A suggestion including two from <br> the following: <br> - TB (bacterium) transmitted <br> by droplet infection; <br> more people in urban <br> areas/overcrowded/dense <br> population; <br> higher number of <br> immigrants (from less- <br> developed countries); | Allow transmitted by <br> sneezing/coughing/through the <br> air | (2) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Notes | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 3(b) | bacterium; | Accept bacterial/bacteria <br> Accept Mycobacterium <br> tuberculosis | (1) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Notes | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3(c) | A description including two from <br> the following: <br> - <br> apply medication/example <br> of medication e.g. anti- <br> fungal cream/powder; <br> - wash feet often/keep feet <br> clean; <br> -dry feet thoroughly after <br> washing; <br> - change socks/shoes often; <br> - wash towels regularly/do <br> not share towels/footwear; <br> wear protective shoes in <br> swimming pools/changing <br> rooms/don't walk bare <br> foot; |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Notes | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3(d) | An explanation linking four of the <br> following: <br> -antigen/attenuated virus <br> injected; <br> - white blood cells / <br> lymphocytes; <br> - produce antibodies; <br> - memory cells produced; <br> - rapid response to re- <br> infection; <br> - reduction in number of <br> cases of disease reduces <br> transmission;Allow weakened form of <br> bacteria/virus |  |  |

Total for Question 3 = 13 marks

| Question <br> Number | Answer | Notes | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $4(\mathrm{a})$ | - two sets of bars clearly <br> displayed to compare two <br> sets of data; <br> key to show at rest/heavy <br> exercise/bars labelled; | Size of bars must be correct | Must refer to correct bars |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Notes | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4(b) | An explanation including three of <br> the following: <br> - more blood flow to <br> muscles during exercise; <br> - to remove carbon dioxide; | Accept reverse argument for all <br> marking points |  |
|  | muscles; <br> - to release energy; manipulation of data <br> from (aerobic) respiration; |  |  |


| Question Number | Answer | Notes | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4(c) | A explanation including three from: <br> - more heat generated (by muscles/aerobic respiration); <br> - vasodilation; <br> - greater blood flow nearer skin's surface; <br> - heat lost from blood/radiated from skin's surface; <br> - body temperature decreases/cooling effect; | Allow manipulated data | (3) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Notes | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $5(\mathrm{a})$ | An explanation including four of <br> the following: |  |  |
| - enzyme is amylase; <br> - (enzyme) breaks down <br> - starch <br> - to maltose/glucose/sugar; <br> diffuses/passes into water; <br> - through partially <br> permeable <br> membrane/visking tubing; <br> from a high concentration <br> to a low concentration; |  | (4) |  |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Notes | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $5(\mathrm{~b})$ | An explanation including three of <br> the following: <br> -reference to optimum <br> temperature of enzyme; <br> enzymes denature (if <br> temperature is too high); <br> - <br> shange in shape/active <br> site; <br> no longer binds to <br> substrate/shapes no longer <br> complementary;Allow enzyme inactive/ slower / <br> no reaction takes place |  |  |


| Question Number | Answer | Notes | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5(c) | An explanation linking two from: <br> For concentration of starch solution <br> - (higher concentration of starch) more collisions/enzymesubstrate complexes formed; <br> - faster reaction; <br> - more sugar produced/ greater concentration of sugar solution; <br> - *more sugar diffuses/diffusion of sugar quicker; <br> For size of the visking tubing <br> - larger surface area; <br> - *more sugar diffuses/diffusion of sugar quicker; | 2 marks for each explanation <br> Accept reverse argument for lower concentration of starch <br> Accept reverse argument for decrease in surface area <br> * Award only once | (4) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Notes | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 5(d) | $\bullet$ pancreas/salivary gland |  |  |

Total for Question 5 = 12 marks

| Question Number | Answer | Notes | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | An explanation including five points from the following <br> - FSH causes development of follicle/egg to mature; <br> - Oestrogen released; <br> - Oestrogen causes thickening of uterus lining; <br> - Oestrogen inhibits release of FSH; <br> - LH released; <br> - LH causes ovulation; <br> - progesterone released; <br> - progesterone inhibits FSH/LH production/maintains thickness of uterus lining; <br> - decrease in oestrogen / progesterone causes menstruation; |  |  |
|  |  |  | (5) |

Total for question $6=5$ marks

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